

SALT LAKE DAILY HERALD.

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PRICE FIVE CENTS

RECIPROCITY.

Sensible Letter From Hon. Benjamin Butterworth.

A WAY OUT OF THE DIFFICULTY.

He Advocates a Spirit of Compromise and the Making of Mutual Concessions.

Reciprocity.

TORONTO, March 17.—The Mail, this morning, contains a letter from Hon. Benjamin Butterworth, member of Congress from Cincinnati, who introduced the bill in Congress for reciprocity between Canada and the United States. Following are extracts: "You are familiar with the details of the proposition contained in the bill introduced by me at the closing days of the last session of Congress. That the

CLOSER COMMERCIAL RELATIONS, or angrily and possibly the permanent estrangement between Canada and the United States must, in the near future, obtain, seems too clear to need argument to sustain it. It is the inexorable logic of the situation, that closer and freer commercial relations are desirable and from every point of view is apparent; and it seems equally clear that there is no measure of reciprocity, short of that which is full and complete, that can meet the obvious requirements of the situation. I repeat that the way out of the present entanglement will lead to a most happy and valuable end, in every sense, unity of commercial and social interests between ourselves and our neighbors and kinsmen on the north, OR AN ALIENATION AND ESTRANGEMENT, which would be alike discreditable to our statesmanship. Either we will take down the partition wall which forces our commerce back upon ourselves and stops its flow along the natural channels which it unerringly seeks out, and give it full scope so that the trade between the United States and Canada will be as free as it is between New York and Ohio, or we will line our northern border with evidences of retrograding civilization, with forts on the land and cruisers on the lakes, picketing 3,700 miles of our frontier with customs officers and spies. Such a condition of things is alike

UNSATURATED AND UNWISE. I have not the time nor the inclination to increase the length and enlarge the scope of this letter by canvassing the resources of Canada, which we need and ultimately must have, and the mutual dependence of one country upon the other. Suffice it to say, that no intelligent person, who carefully investigates the facts, will hesitate to pronounce in favor of the fullest and most complete reciprocity. Fortunately, Canada is as free and clothed with as full power to conclude arrangements as is the United States; the former, by such a course as will in no wise disturb her relations with the mother country. The ties that bind her to England are not commercial; they are those which reach from hearthstone to hearthstone, and

COULD ONLY BE DESTROYED by the mother country in an effort to interpose insurmountable barriers in the way of the prosperity and happiness of her children on this side of the Atlantic. This England will not do. Of course in case of full reciprocity, as proposed in the bill to which I have called your attention, the internal revenue of Canada would require some modifications, but this relates to matters of detail and presents no serious obstacle worth considering. Our tariff systems are now substantially the same and would be made identical, and that system which has placed the United States in the front rank of manufacturing nations would speedily do a like service for Canada. The settlement of the question about navigation and cod fish is not difficult, and compared with the vast interests affected by the settlement,

ALL THE FISH IN CONTROVERSY would not make a noticeable side-dish, if Canada, in the interest of attaining what I am persuaded five-sixths of the people of both countries desire, could, for one year, extend the privileges heretofore enjoyed by, but now denied to, our fishermen. All causes of attrition would be removed, and the result would be an adjustment of the differences by a full reciprocity and a renewed prosperity to us which we have hitherto not known. This would possibly involve a little sacrifice of pride, but the act would be met on this side by a like spirit of compromise and adjustment. In other words, the concessions would be mutual."

Dr. McGlynn on St. Patrick. New York, March 17.—At the St. Patrick's Day picnic of the Irish societies, Rev. Father McGlynn made an address, the first part of which dealt with the blessings of the beloved Saint's work to Ireland. McGlynn then branched off into a discussion of the land project, which had made him somewhat notorious, and defended it eloquently with applause and cheers. In conclusion, the speaker said the people in Ireland, in St. Patrick's day, held land in common, and Davis received the tradition from his forefathers.

THE "OLD RELIABLE"—Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy. SHILOH'S CATARRH REMEDY—a positive cure for Catarrh, Diphtheria and Cancer Mouth. For sale at A. C. Smith & Co.'s Drug Store.

G. A. R. Re-union—Cleveland Invited.

St. Louis, March 17.—The general committee having in charge the arrangements for meeting the national encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic in this city, next September, have, through a sub-committee, composed of the mayor of the city, the president of the Merchants' Exchange and one of the leading representatives of the local G. A. R. posts, extended a very cordial and urgent invitation to President Cleveland and his wife, to be present and witness and share in the festivities of that occasion.

Captain Eads' Funeral.

St. Louis, March 17.—The funeral of Captain James B. Eads took place at Christ Church, this afternoon, and was attended by a large number of the oldest and most prominent citizens of the city, who have known him many years. Many of them have been associated with him in his great engineering works. Rev. Dr. Schuyler officiated, and was assisted in the services by Rev. Mr. Reed. The remains were interred in the Bellefontaine Cemetery.

To Cancel Old Contracts.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 17.—A circular, addressed to agents and shippers, has been issued by the Southern Pacific Company asking that, in compliance with the inter-state commerce law, all special and contract rates quoted or entered into by the company be cancelled on the 31st inst., before which date new tariffs and instructions to agents will be furnished.

Wants to be Re-elected.

DETROIT, March 17.—Senator Jones leaves here in a few days to enter the race for Senator from Florida. The election takes place in April.

A FUNNY FREAK

A Double-Spined, Double-Necked, Double-Headed Offspring.

While we are accustomed to find in every show and museum some monstrosity in the shape of animals with more or less limbs than nature entitles them to; hens or roosters with human faces; mermaids, caught by unknown whalers in some mysterious sea (the majority of which are manufactured by an experienced dermatologist out of old leather, rags, etc., in Jersey City), we were scarcely prepared for the curiosity which was on exhibition at President A. M. Cannon's residence yesterday. A cow, kept at Stead's farm, in Farmington, was considered enough to present her owner, Mr. Thomas Parker, on Tuesday night, with a genuine freak of nature, a calf with two heads, whilst the lower extremities correspond with those of every other decent calf. The spine divides a short distance from its end into two branches, forming two perfectly developed necks, surmounted by two well-developed heads, each one of which, by its completeness in every respect, would suit any common bovine offspring. The strange new-comer, which undoubtedly had mistaken the planet it was to visit, left immediately, after casting a look around, for regions where it might feel more at home. The curiosity will be stuffed and put on exhibition.

PERSONAL.

H. NEWTON, of Mona, is in the city.

T. P. CUTLER was up from Lehi yesterday.

H. S. GOWANS was in from Tooele yesterday.

J. A. MARCHANT, of Peoa, was in the city Wednesday.

WILLIAM VAN DYKE was down from Ogden yesterday.

AUDITOR CLAYTON went to Gentile Valley yesterday.

F. COOMBS, of Farmington, was in the city on Thursday.

JAMES GILBERT came up from South Cottonwood yesterday.

WM. SANDERS and Jos. Quinney are down from the Logan branch of Z. C. M. I.

F. C. PARKINSON, superintendent of the Co-op. store at Franklin, Idaho, was doing business in town on Wednesday.

FRED. MEYERS is back from his southern trip in the interests of Z. C. M. I. He returns with a well-filled order book.

D. L. DAVIS, of Barnes & Davis, goes east this morning. His destination is Chicago, but he may visit New York ere his return.

PHIL. SIMMONDS, of George Simmonds & Co., proprietors of the Nabob Distillery Co., Covington, Ky., is in the city in the interest of his house.

HENRY TAINZ charts a Pullman this morning, which he has agreed shall be propelled towards the east. He will join Mr. Davis in his rambles.

First District Court.

Yesterday at Provo the Grand Jury presented the following:

People vs. Joseph Gibson; was ignored.

Four indictments were returned under the Territorial laws.

People vs. Amos Cox; grand larceny; plea guilty.

People vs. John Young; plea guilty.

People vs. Joseph Anderson; a new prosecution was entered, and defendant discharged—pardoned.

300—Wanted—300

Men, women and children to board at the Valley House. Table unsurpassed in this city. Larder constantly supplied with all the delicacies of the season, prepared by most skillful cooks.

Meals, meat tickets, board by day, week or month at most reasonable rates.

VALLEY HOUSE, SALT LAKE CITY.

H. L. HALL, PROP.

BESTOWING THE HATS.

The Eight New Cardinals Confirmed by the Pope.

THE IMPOSING CEREMONIES.

The Procession, the Pope's Retinue, the Services, the Kiss of Peace and Other Details.

Papal Consistory.

ROME, March 17.—A public consistory was held, to-day, in the Sala Regia. It began at 10.20 o'clock and concluded at noon. The procession was headed by the consistorial advocates, with the attendants arrayed in crimson robes and ermine caps. They were followed by the cross-bearer, cameriers, prelates, bishops, archbishops, and cardinals.

THEN CAME THE POPE.

who was borne on the sedia gestatoria, flanked by flabelli, or white peacock feather fans. He was accompanied on each side by noble guards in blue, the Swiss guard, officers, and purple-and-crimson-robed attendants. When the Pope descended from the sedia,

HE ASCENDED THE THRONE.

which had been covered with a purple cloth and cloth of gold for the Lenten season. The canopy over the throne was backed by tapestry of Perino del Vaga, depicting faith, hope and charity. At the base of the throne were two Moors, couchant, bearing red banners, with cross keys. The cardinals occupied benches, arranged in a long parallelism in front of the Pope. The consistorial advocates advanced to throne and read the instances for the beatification of the persons under consideration. This concluded, sixteen cardinals left the hall to bring from the Sistine Chapel

THE EIGHT NEW CARDINALS, Archbishop Gonzalez, of Toledo; Monsignor Alois Masella, Ex-Nuncio at Lisbon; Archbishop Taschereau, of Quebec; Archbishop Gibbons, of Baltimore; Archbishop Bernardini, of Sens; Archbishop Place, of Rennes; Archbishop Langenieux, of Reims; and Archbishop Giordani, of Ferrara. Each new cardinal was accompanied by two others. Cardinal Taschereau was accompanied by Cardinals Melchers and Masella. They proceeded, and bowing thrice

KISSED THE POPE'S FOOT AND HAND,

received the Pope's double embrace and then retired. They again advanced to the Pope to receive the hat which was brought in on a silver salver. Each cardinal knelt as he came before the Pope and the hood of the robe was placed over his head by an attendant. Then the Pope, taking the large red hat, PLACED IT ON THE KNEELING CARDINAL.

Testing his hand on it while he read the following words in a slow, distinct voice:

"Ad laudem omnipotentis Dei et sanctae sedis apostolice ornamentum ecclesiae gaudium rubrum insignis dignitatis cardinalatus per quod designatur quod vivat et morietur et sanguinis effusionem inclusive pro exaltatione sanctae fidei pace et quieti populi Christiani augments et statu sanctae Romanae ecclesiae et interdictum exhibere debet. In nomine patris et filii et spiritus sancti. Amen!"

The cardinals then made obeisance to the Pope, concluding with a

DOUBLE EMBRACE OR KISS OF PEACE.

The Pope received Cardinal Gibbons with marked affection. Cardinal Taschereau was calm, though he showed signs of great emotion. The cardinals then gave the kiss of peace to their colleagues of the sacred college. When Cardinal Gibbons came to Cardinal Masella, each offered the other hearty congratulations. Cardinal Masella was once a professor in the Jesuit College at Woodstock, and is an old friend of Cardinal Gibbons. The Pope then departed, followed by his escort.

THE ATTENDANCE.

Crowds lined the Sala Ducale, through which the procession passed. Finding places in the Sala Regia, the diplomats occupied the large gallery, and the Roman princes and their families were in another gallery. There were also present Bishops Ireland, Keane and Watterson; Monsignor O'Brien, who was legate to Cardinal Taschereau; Monsignor Dillon, of Australia; Lieutenant Williams, of the United States army, in uniform; the rectors and students of the American and Irish propaganda; the rectors of the Scottish and English colleges and others.

Cardinal Gibbons has been appointed to the following sacred congregations: Propaganda, regular discipline, liturgies and sacred relics and studies. Cardinal Taschereau has been appointed to the following: Consistory, bishops and ecclesiastical immunities and propaganda.

GAVE A DINNER

this evening to Cardinal Gibbons, the director and rector of the propaganda. Bishops Keane, Ireland and Watterson, the Archbishop of Melbourne, the rectors of the Sulpician and of the English and Scotch colleges, Abbott, Smith and others. A student read a Latin composition, expressing joy over the promotion of the cardinals and a Latin chorus, praising them, was sung. Cardinal Taschereau responded in Latin, expressing his appreciation of the honor conferred on him. Cardinal Gibbons spoke in English. He said the reception of the hat on St. Patrick's day was a happy circumstance; he hoped that all their work would be har-

monious for the peace of mankind and the spread of truth under the banner of the cross.

After the consistory, the new cardinals thanked the Pope, who, in his reply, referred chiefly to Canada and the United States, and especially to the new American college.

Six Hundred Miles Away.

PHILADELPHIA, March 17.—Captain Nowell, of the steamer British Prince, from Liverpool, makes the following report: On Monday, the 14th instant, at 9.15 a. m., in latitude 40.1, longitude 64.01, we passed a schooner-yacht, seven miles to the northward. At 10.10 a. m., the schooner-yacht Dauntless displayed her signals ahead, in latitude 39.55, longitude 64.12. A strong breeze was blowing and she had all canvas set. Every stitch of canvas was being used on both boats. There was at the time the yachts were sighted, a strong breeze blowing from west to northwest. The yachts were about twenty-two miles apart. This would indicate that the yachts are taking a more southerly course than that pursued by the trans-Atlantic steamships at this season. When the observation was made, the Coronet had made about 600 geographical miles and the Dauntless about 589 miles. Though the Coronet is eleven miles farther to the eastward, she is, on account of her more northerly position, more than this number of miles in advance of the Dauntless.

Three Woman-Whippers Killed.

LOUISVILLE, March 17.—The Courier-Journal's special from Crab Orchard, Ky., gives the particulars of the killing of three vigilantes, who were administering a whipping to a woman 70 years of age, in Rock Castle County. The woman, Eliza Fish, persisted in selling liquor, after she had been warned several times to stop. She kept a low kind of store. The country is a prohibition one. Last night the vigilantes, or Law and Order Club, waited on Mrs. Fish. They took her out in the yard and were whipping her, when shots were fired over the fence, and three of the Ku Klux fell dead. Their names are John Long, Walter Pinn and John Hasty. There is no clue as to who did the shooting. Castle County has been infested by a band of Ku Klux for ten years past, and all efforts to break up their lawlessness has failed. The old woman, Eliza Fish, had been whipped before by the vigilantes, and her son was run out of the country for selling liquor.

First Installment.

NEW YORK, March 17.—A report was circulated this afternoon that the Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton party, represented by Messrs. Ives, Stayner and Meyer, had paid \$500,000 on Monday night, as the first installment of the purchase money of the Baltimore & Ohio, which they are said to have acquired. No information confirming it could be obtained, however, although Major Borne, of the lives party, characterized it as premature. Sully, as heretofore, refused to express any opinion whatever. One of the parties prominent in the negotiations for the Stayner crowd, said, however, that they had made arrangements to take a share in a syndicate of railroad representatives, and had put in their first allotment of cash.

Kidnaping—Destructive Fires.

NEW YORK, March 17.—A letter from Havana, dated March 12th, says: Kidnaping has been carried on by wholesale during the past week, at Guria, in Vuelta Abajo. One of the persons seized was Don Esteban Hernandez Dominguez, who was afterward released on payment of \$2,000. The other persons kidnaped were of less importance.

Fires on the sugar plantations are of frequent occurrence and reports are daily received of losses to planters by this means. Although in individual cases the damage is not great the aggregate losses foot up to a considerable figure.

The Break-Up.

St. PAUL, March 17.—Fort Buford, Dakota, special to the Pioneer: The general break-up of the Missouri River, above the mouth of the Yellowstone, took place to-day. The river is bank-full and the great volume of water will prevent the ice from gorging. The gorge, twenty-five miles below here, has flood of the Little Missouri country, driving the settlers from their homes.

So Soon.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 17.—W. R. Harst, proprietor of the Daily Examiner, was arrested this afternoon, on a charge of libel, preferred by Walter A. Tusk, attorney, Hearst, immediately gave bonds, and was released. The alleged libelous matter was an item headed "A Free Hunter," in which the plaintiff was accused of unprofessional tactics to secure business.

Burned at Sea.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 17.—The barkentine *Pepe Bird*, which arrived from San Francisco this morning, reports that the German steamer *Rainbow*, hence January 27th, with general merchandise for San Francisco, was burned at sea previous to February 19th, in latitude 12 south, longitude 148. No news of the crew.

The N. P. Extensions.

NEW YORK, March 17.—The board of directors of the Northern Pacific railroad, to-day directed the construction of an extension of sixty miles of the Spokane and Palouse River. President Harris stated that the question of an extension from Tacoma to Portland was not even thought of.

SLEEPLESS NIGHTS, made miserable by that terrible cough. Shiloh's Cure is the remedy for you. Sold by A. C. Smith & Co., druggists.

THE GRAND OLD MAN.

He Speaks Once More of His Favorite Theme.

HOME RULE FOR OLD IRELAND.

He Says It Is Impossible to Deal With Other Questions Until That One Is Settled.

Gladstone.

LONDON, March 17.—Gladstone delivered a speech at a dinner to-night given by the Yorkshire members of the House of Commons. He began by stating his belief that there was a growing opinion in favor of home rule, even among its former opponents. He counselled Lord Salisbury to awaken from his sleep if he wished to banish his nightmare. The premier, however, said Gladstone appeared determined to remain asleep. Gladstone maintained that it was impossible to deal with other questions until the Irish question was

CLEARED OUT OF THE WAY.

He said: "I wish to say a word regarding what I conceive to be my obligations toward the different parties and sections we have to deal with. In starting, we are agreed that Ireland is an intractable self-government in affairs properly and exclusively Irish, subject to the unquestionable supremacy of the imperial Parliament. Should she extend her demands beyond this limit, I frankly tell you,

I COULD NOT PROMOTE THEIR CAUSE. But as long as the demands she utters are just and within the bounds of moderation, I would stand fast to her cause during what remains to me of my political life. (Cheers.) It is our duty to acknowledge whatever approaches the Conservatives make toward a recognition of the real state of facts and of the prospects before us. Major Sanderson recently said that the settlement of the Irish question must emanate from the Irish people. That statement is eminently satisfactory. It proves, even in the minds of extreme men, their movement in the right direction. We should leave open the way for the Conservatives to pursue

A RIGHT POLICY.

in this matter. I hoped they would deal liberally with Ireland, but they missed the chance when they had it. I know they receive our suggestions of assistance as insults, but the lessons of all great reforms teach that they ought to receive our well-meant offer to assist them against the refractory members of their party with patience and tolerance. Referring to the defeat of his measure in Parliament, Gladstone said: "As regards the main proposals we had in view, it is futile to talk of receding, but in regard to those improvements it will be a pleasant duty to seek them. I cherish the hope that there are a variety of points on which

IMPROVEMENT MIGHT BE MADE on the proposals we submitted to Parliament, and that these points will multiply as we draw nearer the time; which is probably still distant when we can be in a condition to give any practical effect to our political views. One point which helped our defeat, and which specially caused difficulty among our best friends, was the proposal to use the imperial credit

TO BUY OUT IRISH LANDLORDS.

Well, let me say this: I have the firmest conviction that we never proposed to risk a sixpence. But that does not decide the case. My duty is to consider whether the proposal is essential to any sound plan of policy for Ireland. I at once tell you this and make the confession that in our proposal in behalf of Irish landlords we went to the farthest point in their behalf, and upon two grounds: partly because we knew why they had been pitted against the children of England, who now as it were, were turning upon them in some degree, and partly, because we wished to give our opponents every inducement for a great and speedy settlement of the question. I cherish the hope that it will be perfectly possible to devise a plan for the safe purchase of estates in Ireland."

A Hard Stone.

GALVESTON, Tex., March 17.—A special from San Antonio to the News says: A triple murder was committed yesterday afternoon, at a railroad camp on the Northwestern extension of the San Antonio and Kansas Pass road, fourteen miles beyond Boerne. Henry Markson, a well-known stock man and contractor, of this city, employed a number of men and teams. One of the laborers, named Wm. Stone, went to Madison and asked him for some money and was told that he could expect any till Saturday. Stone became enraged and said he would have either money or blood, and without further provocation, pulled a gun and fired, killing Madison instantly. Two Mexicans in the camp, who had witnessed the shooting, ran up and attempted to arrest the murderer, whereupon Stone shot and killed both of them outright. The murder is claimed to be unjustifiable. If Stone is caught he will be lynched.

Alarmed in St. Petersburg.

LONDON, March 17.—The police have become alarmed at St. Petersburg. They have been informed that a numerous and widespread band of nihilists is ready for immediate action.

An Appointment.

WASHINGTON, March 17.—The President has appointed Frank P. Tower, of Colorado, to be register of the land office at Gunnison, Colo.

A Swindling Official Removed.

New York, March 17.—Postoffice Inspector Sidney S. Hartshorn, who has been connected with the New York postoffice for some months, was removed yesterday. He was for several years in the Boston division of the secret service of the postal department. It is charged that Hartshorn is at the head of a company in this city, and that he received the money sent in reply to circulars advertising a 481 watch which was only a sun dial.

Hale and Hearty.

BERLIN, March 17.—One of the Emperor's physicians states that the Emperor's constitution is so wonderfully good that it is, therefore, hardly necessary to contradict the rumor that he will make the Crown Prince regent. The Emperor has said he would stick to his post to the last moment.

MISS LEE'S RETORT.

A War Incident of the Great Confederate's Daughter.

Miss Mildred Lee's stay in Washington has been rendered very pleasant by a succession of handsome luncheons and dinner parties given in her honor. After Mrs. Folsom's reception, on Wednesday last, Miss Lee, by special invitation, drove out to Oak View with Mr. Corcoran, and lunched with Mrs. and Miss Cleveland and the ladies who had assisted Mrs. Folsom in receiving during the morning. In speaking the other day about Miss Lee's strong handsome face and her abundant suit of iron-gray hair, she related a funny incident which had come within her experience during the war while staying at one of the old Virginia homesteads, where, for the time being, Miss Lee had sought shelter. At that time the hair now so well mixed with gray, was of the tint which Titian loved to paint. One morning the house hold was aroused with the news that the northern troops were rapidly approaching, and, indeed, in less than half an hour the court-yard was filled with soldiers, who, having been told that Miss Lee was then staying at the house, clamored loudly for a sight of her. Her presence at the place was, of course, stoutly denied at first, but to no avail, as the soldiers loitered about bent upon obtaining the coveted glimpse. Within doors consternation reigned supreme, for the household was at that time composed entirely of women. One old lady became so alarmed at the presence of the soldiery that she went into a violent fit of hysterics. At this Miss Lee, forgetful of the danger which might have ensued to herself, rushed down stairs and into the kitchen for some remedies. As she passed a window at which one of the soldiers was gazing, she perceived through the glass that the soldier was shouting to his comrades: "Here, boys, come look; here's 'the red-headed daughter of the rebel general'!" Quick as a flash she turned and advancing to the door, threw it wide open, as she glanced defiantly at them, saying: "If by the term 'rebel general' you mean General Lee, I am proud of the fact that I am his daughter, but my hair is not red." As may be imagined, her courage and spirit were heartily appreciated by the boys in blue, who greeted her speech with three rousing cheers, and then, lifting their hats respectfully, retired, making merry over the episode as they went.—Baltimore American.

A Discriminating Cat.

On Tuesday morning a mournful procession, headed by the fireman of the theatre, crossed the stage of "Old Drury." The fireman was closely followed by four stalwart men, who bore on their shoulders a miniature coffin. Behind them came the mourners. The members of the country company who were using the stage for the purpose of rehearsal were astounded. In reply to their inquiries they learned that poor old "Pickles" was about to be buried in the adjoining yard. "Pickles" was a very favorite cat in the theatre, and every one at once recognized the propriety of the ceremony, for "Pickles" and Drury Lane Theatre were for many years been inseparable. "Pickles" was at one time induced to become a public performer, being brought in on a pie by Mr. Harry Payne, the clown, but as Mr. Payne now says, nobody after the first two nights was able to catch that cat in time for the performance, although it habitually turned up at the wings to see what its understudy made of the part. Another amusing reminiscence of the deceased cat is that during the run of a nautical melodrama, it calmly walked across the raging waves, as though they had been merely painted on canvas. "Pickles" is supposed to have come to his death by tackling a poisonous rat. However, that may be, "Pickles" is greatly regretted by all who ever performed at Drury Lane, as a cat who could kick out a success from a failure, in actor from a monster, and who would show its appreciation of those pieces and performers he approved of by attending their rehearsals and studiously avoiding those of people he had found wanting.—Reading Standard.

WHAT HACKING COUGH can be so quickly cured by Shiloh's Cure. We guarantee it. Sold by A. C. Smith & Co., druggists.

A Revelation.

among the butchers. A stampede in beef circles. Beef, mutton and pork for cash only. Porterhouse and tenderloin steak, 12 1/2 cents per pound; prime roast, 12 1/2 cents per pound; round steak, 9 cents per pound; chuck steak, 8 cents per pound; boiling beef, 6 cents per pound; loin and leg of mutton, 8 cents per pound; chops, 8 cents per pound; breast and neck of mutton, 5 cents per pound; pork chops, 8 cents per pound; pork roasts and sausage, 8 cents per pound. On all of the above a special reduction for cash only, without delivery.

By G. D. Amos, Butcher, Cor. Third South and Main Streets.